

Following the Path to Asian American Homeownership

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Asian Real Estate Association of America (AREAA)

Founded in 2003, AREAA is a national professional trade organization dedicated to closing the homeownership gap facing the Asian Pacific American (APA) community. AREAA advocates for [policy positions](#) at the national level that will reduce homeownership barriers facing the APA community and aims to increase business opportunities for mortgage and real estate professionals that serve the growing community. Please visit our website: <http://www.areaa.org/>

UCLA Asian American Studies Center (UCLA AASC)

Established in August 1969, the AASC has become the foremost national research center on Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders. It has sought to bridge the educational, social, political, and cultural concerns of the AAPI community, with the overall mission of the University of California, through research and creative endeavors, curriculum development, publications, library and archival work, public educational activities and partnerships with local and national organizations. Please visit our website: <http://www.aasc.ucla.edu>

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POPULATION SIZE & COMPOSITION

Table 1: Number of Asian Americans in the United States, 2005 and 2008

	2005	2008	
	Asian Alone, one group	Asian Alone, one group	Asian Alone or in Combination
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	2,882,257	3,077,783	3,622,496
Filipino	2,282,872	2,425,697	3,088,000
Asian Indian	2,319,222	2,495,998	2,725,594
Vietnamese	1,418,334	1,431,980	1,728,532
Korean	1,246,240	1,344,267	1,609,980
Japanese	833,761	710,063	1,298,890
Other Asian	403,808	810,050	100,908
Pakistani	192,431	280,726	349,685
Cambodian	217,438	186,068	240,142
Hmong	183,265	171,316	221,948
Thai	143,169	139,208	219,943
Laotian	193,247	159,347	217,175
Indonesian	63,609	51,148	78,999
Bangladeshi	48,577	88,212	107,728
Sri Lankan*	30,125	29,607	-
Malaysian*	13,460	12,506	-
Total Asian Americans	12,471,815	13,413,976	15,610,020
Total U.S. Population	288,378,137	304,059,728	304,059,728

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 & 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201, and Detailed Tables B02006

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate.

In 2005, the three largest Asian American groups across the nation were Chinese (2.9 M), Asian Indians (2.3 M), and Filipinos (2.3 M). In 2008, they remained the three largest, with Chinese at 3 M, Asian Indians at 2.5 M, and Filipinos at 2.4M. However, when we compare Filipinos of multiple-race heritage with Asian Indians of multiple-race heritage, Filipinos surpass Asian Indians as the second largest Asian ethnic group.

Table 2: Percent of Asian American Population in the United States, 2005 and 2008

	2005	2008	
	Asian Alone, % of Asian population	Asian Alone, % of Asian population	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Asian population
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	23.1%	22.9%	23.2%
Filipino	18.3%	18.1%	19.8%
Asian Indian	18.6%	18.6%	17.5%
Vietnamese	11.4%	10.7%	11.1%
Korean	10.0%	10.0%	10.3%
Japanese	6.7%	5.3%	8.3%
Pakistani	1.5%	2.1%	2.2%
Cambodian	1.7%	1.4%	1.5%
Hmong	1.5%	1.3%	1.4%
Laotian	1.5%	1.2%	1.4%
Thai	1.1%	1.0%	1.4%
Bangladeshi	0.4%	0.7%	0.7%
Other Asian	3.2%	6.0%	0.6%
Indonesian	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%
Sri Lankan*	0.2%	0.2%	–
Malaysian*	0.1%	0.1%	–

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 & 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201, and Detailed Tables B02006

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate.

As seen in Table 2, population size remained steady between 2005 and 2008. Chinese consisted of 23% of the Asian population, followed by Asian Indians at 19% and Filipinos at 18%. Again, when we compare Filipinos of multiple-race heritage with Asian Indians of multiple-race heritage, Filipinos surpass Asian Indians with the second largest percentage making up 20% of the Asian population.

Table 3: Percent of Total United States Population, 2005 and 2008

	2005	2008	
	Asian Alone, % of Total population	Asian Alone, % of Total population	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Total population
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	1.0%	1.0%	1.2%
Filipino	0.8%	0.8%	1.0%
Asian Indian	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%
Vietnamese	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%
Korean	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%
Japanese	0.3%	0.2%	0.4%
Pakistani	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Cambodian	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Hmong	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Laotian	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Thai	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Bangladeshi	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Asian	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%
Indonesian	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Sri Lankan*	0.0%	0.0%	–
Malaysian*	0.0%	0.0%	–
Total Asian Americans	4.3%	4.4%	5.1%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 & 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201, and Detailed Tables B02006

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate.

As seen in Table 3, population size remained steady between 2005 and 2008. According to 2008 estimates, Asian Americans make up anywhere from 4% to 5% of the total U.S. population. Among all Asian ethnic groups, Chinese (1%), Asian Indians (0.8%), and Filipinos (0.8%) also held the highest percentage of the total population.

Table 4: Number and Percentage of Asian Americans by State, 2008

The rest of this report utilizes the “Alone or in any Combination” data, which is considered the most

California	# of Persons	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Asian population	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Total population	New York	# of Persons	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Asian population	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Total population	Texas	# of Persons	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Asian population	Asian Alone or in Combo, % of Total population
Total Population	36,756,666			Total Population	19,490,297			Total Population	24,326,974		
Total Asian Americans	5,029,901		13.70%	Total Asian Americans	1,459,159		7.50%	Total Asian Americans	938,939		3.90%
Filipino Chinese (including Taiwanese)	1,383,636	28%	3.80%	Chinese (including Taiwanese)	594,421	41%	3.00%	Asian Indian	215,371	23%	0.90%
Vietnamese Asian Indian	1,318,302	26%	3.60%	Asian Indian	352,036	24%	1.80%	Vietnamese Chinese (including Taiwanese)	214,159	23%	0.90%
Korean	613,810	12%	1.70%	Korean	136,174	9%	0.70%	Filipino	119,142	13%	0.50%
Japanese	497,792	10%	1.40%	Filipino Vietnamese*	127,575	9%	0.70%	Korean Japanese*	80,192	9%	0.30%
Cambodian	493,929	10%	1.30%	Japanese*	-	-	-	Pakistani* Cambodian*	-	-	-
Hmong	402,180	8%	1.10%	Pakistani*	-	-	-	Hmong*	-	-	-
Laotian	90,445	2%	0.20%	Cambodian*	-	-	-	Thai*	-	-	-
Pakistani*	81,350	2%	0.20%	Hmong*	-	-	-	Laotian*	-	-	-
Thai*	63,506	1%	0.20%	Thai*	-	-	-	Indonesian*	-	-	-
Indonesian*	-	-	-	Laotian*	-	-	-	Bangladeshi*	-	-	-
Bangladeshi*	-	-	-	Indonesian*	-	-	-	Other Asian*	-	-	-
Other Asian*	-	-	-	Bangladeshi*	-	-	-				
	-	-	-	Other Asian*	-	-	-				

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate.

inclusive and maximum population size in any analysis that uses census data.

According to 2008 estimates, Asian Americans made up 14% of the total California population. The three largest Asian ethnic groups in California are Filipinos (1.4 M, 28% of Asian population, 4% of total population), Chinese (1.3 M, 26% of Asian population, 4% of total population), and Vietnamese (614 K, 12% of Asian population, and 2% of total population).

In New York, Asian Americans made up 8% of the total population. The three largest Asian ethnic groups are Chinese (594 K, 41% of Asian population, 3% of total population), Asian Indian (352 K, 24% of Asian population, 2% of total population), and Koreans (136 K, 9% of Asian population, and 0.7% of total population).

In Texas, Asian Americans made up 4% of the total population. The three largest Asian ethnic groups are Asian Indians (215 K, 23% of Asian population, 0.9% of total population), Vietnamese (214 K, 23% of Asian population, 0.9% of total population), and Chinese (161 K, 17% of Asian population, and 0.7% of total population).

HOUSING

Table 5: Homeownership Rates of Asian Americans, 2005 and 2008

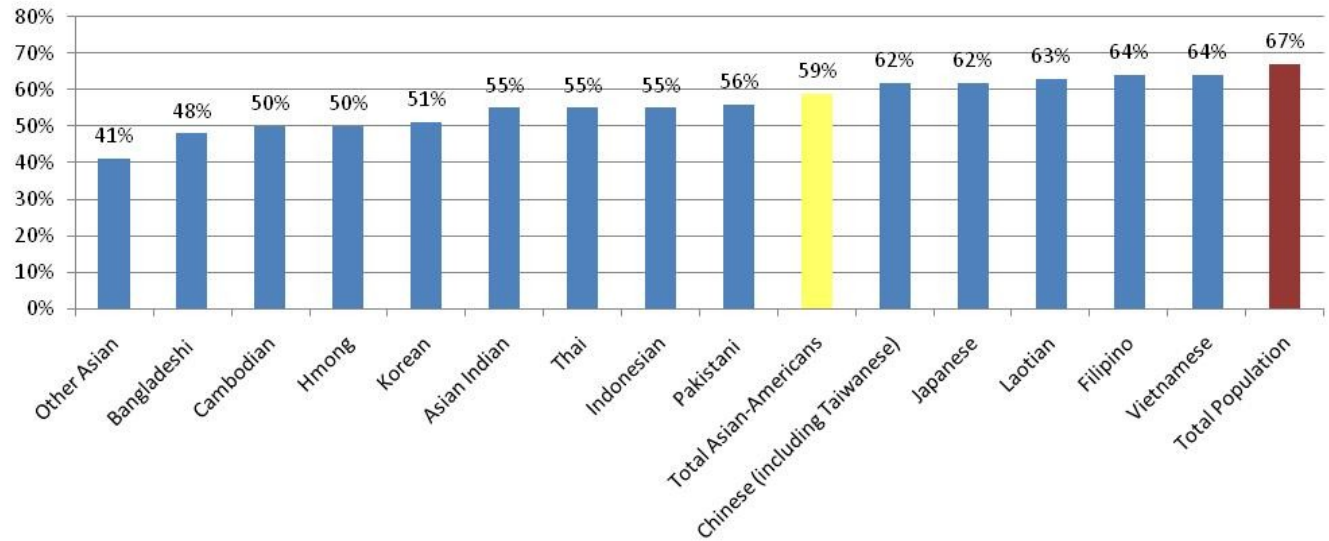
2005				
	Total Households (HH)	Total Home Owner %	Total Asian HH	Asian Home Owner %
US	111,090,617	67%	4,066,682	59%
CA	7,065,170	58%	833,900	57%
NY	3,934,280	55%	188,501	46%
TX	5,161,827	65%	157,665	63%
2008				
	Total Households (HH)	Total Home Owner %	Total Asian HH	Asian Home Owner %
US	113,101,329	67%	4,606,688	59%
CA	12,176,760	57%	1,491,880	57%
NY	7,137,482	55%	437,423	47%
TX	8,422,249	65%	285,263	65%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 & 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201, and Detailed Tables B02006

In 2005, the homeownership rates of Asian Americans lagged behind the total population at the national level, and for the following states: California, New York, and Texas. Interestingly, in comparison to 2008, the homeownership rates of Asian Americans have returned to the same levels at the national and California levels. This can be explained by the fact that Asian Americans are highly concentrated in geographic areas where the housing bubble is considerably larger than in the rest of the nation. Asian Americans made considerable progress in closing the homeownership gap. However, the cost of owning a home has increased more rapidly than household income, and the burden has grown more rapidly for Asian Americans. As a result, those gains have probably been wiped out due to the housing crisis. Fortunately, the

homeownership rates of Asian Americans in New York (47%) and in Texas (65%) increased from 2005 homeownership rate levels.

Figure 1: United States Asian American Households, Homeownership Rates, 2008

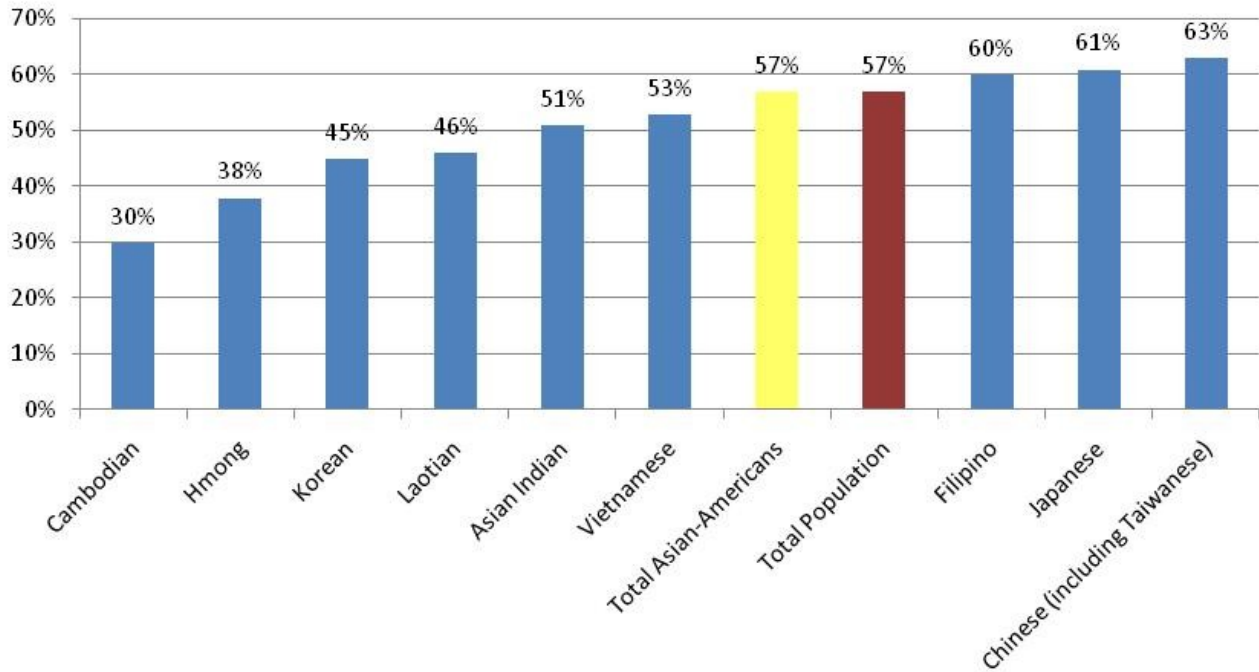


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thai, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

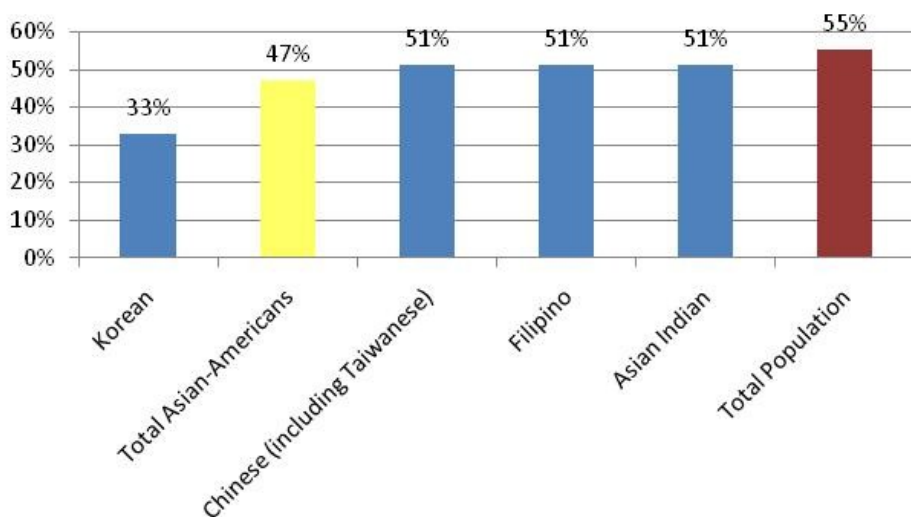
According to 2008 national estimates, all Asian ethnic groups have lower homeownership rates than the total population. The Asian ethnic groups with the lowest levels of homeownership are smaller populations such as Bangladeshi (48%), Cambodian (50%) and Hmong (50%); whereas, the Asian ethnic groups with the largest homeownership rates were Vietnamese (64%), Filipinos (64%), and Laotians (63%).

Figure 2: California Asian American Households, Homeownership Rates, 2008



According to 2008 California estimates, six Asian ethnic groups have lower homeownership rates than the total Asian population and total population. The Asian ethnic groups with the lowest levels of homeownership are smaller populations such as Cambodian (30%), Hmong (38%), and Koreans (45%); whereas, the Asian ethnic groups with the largest homeownership rates were Chinese (63%), Japanese (61%), and Filipinos (60%).

Figure 3: New York Asian American Households, Homeownership Rates, 2008

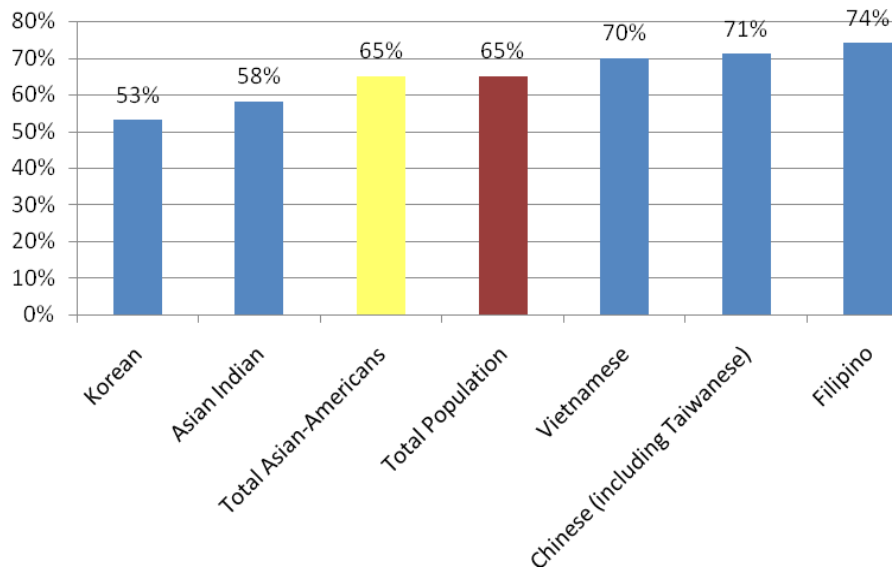


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thai, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

According to 2008 New York estimates, four Asian ethnic groups have lower homeownership rates than the total population. The Asian ethnic group with the lowest level of homeownership is Koreans (33%); whereas, Chinese (51%), Filipinos (51%), and Asian Indians (51%) all had the same rate of homeownership.

Figure 3: Texas Asian American Households, Homeownership Rates, 2008



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thai, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

According to 2008 Texas estimates, two Asian ethnic groups have lower homeownership rates than the total Asian population and total population. The Asian ethnic groups with the lowest levels of homeownership are Koreans (45%) and Asian Indians (58%); whereas, the Asian ethnic groups with the largest homeownership rates were Filipinos (74%), Chinese (71%), and Vietnamese (70%).

Household Size

Table 6: Average Household Size of Asian Americans, 2008

	CA	NY	TX
Total Population	3.03	2.82	2.95
Total Asian Americans	3.44	3.5	3.38
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	3.2	3.42	2.96
Filipino	3.86	3.53	3.46
Asian Indian	3.56	3.71	3.45
Vietnamese*	3.53	–	3.68
Korean	3.16	2.97	3.21
Japanese*	2.64	–	–
Cambodian*	4.34	–	–
Hmong*	5.9	–	–
Laotian*	4.75	–	–

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thai, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

Across the board, the household size of Asian American homeowners (except for Japanese) is larger than the household size of the total population. In California, the following Asian ethnic groups had larger average household size than the average Asian American persons per household: Hmong (5.9), Laotian (4.75), Cambodian (4.34), Filipino (3.86), Asian Indians (3.56), and Vietnamese (3.53). In New York, the following Asian ethnic groups had larger average household size than the average Asian American persons per household: Asian Indians (3.71) and Filipinos (3.53). In Texas, the following Asian ethnic groups had larger average household size than the average Asian American persons per household: Vietnamese (3.68), Filipinos (3.46), and Asian Indians (3.45).

Asian American households have the highest median household incomes, but this may also be a reflection of the fact that Asians are more likely to have multiple wage earners contributing to the overall household income. This can be understood by the average household size or average number of persons living in a household.

INCOME

Table 7: Median Household Income (MHI) and Per Capita Income (PCI) of Asian Americans, 2005 and 2008

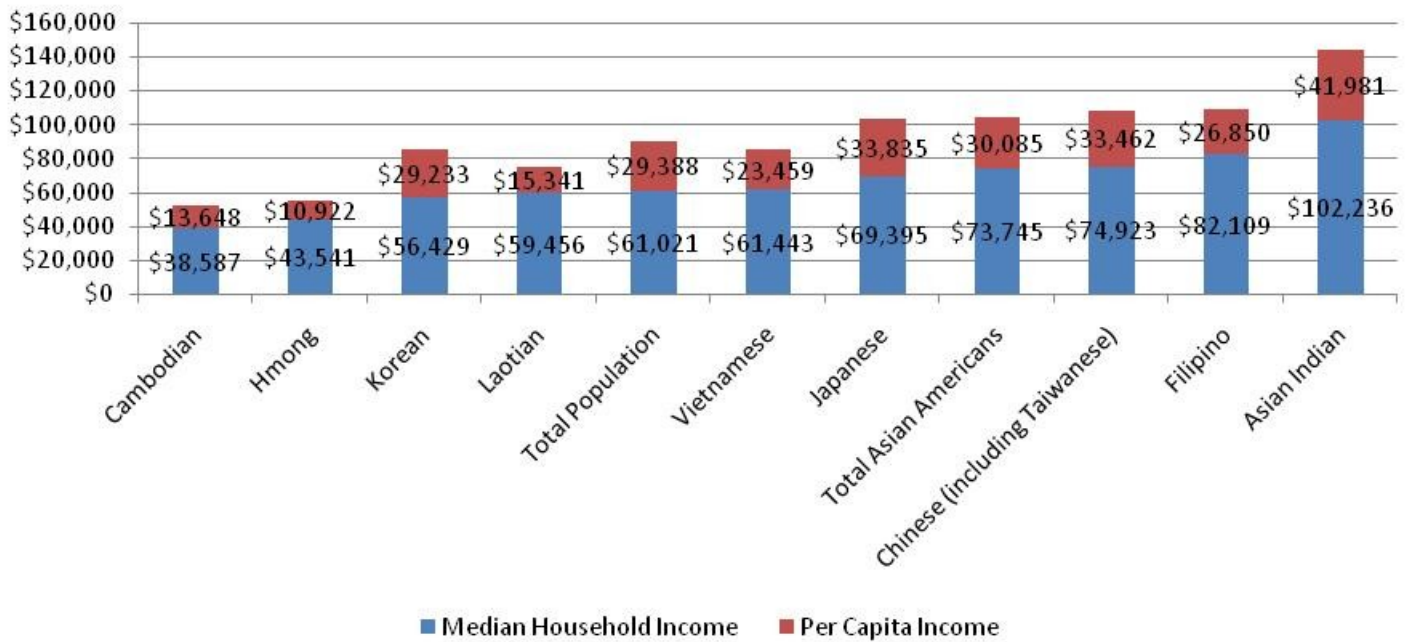
	2005				2008			
	Total Population		Asian		Total Population		Asian	
	Median Household Income	Per Capita Income	Median Household Income	Per Capita Income	Median Household Income	Per Capita Income	Median Household Income	Per Capita Income
United States	\$46,242	\$25,035	\$59,925	\$25,959	\$52,029	\$27,589	\$69,504	\$29,005
California	\$53,629	\$26,800	\$62,063	\$26,523	\$61,021	\$29,388	\$73,745	\$30,085
New York	\$49,480	\$28,158	\$53,443	\$25,889	\$56,033	\$31,287	\$62,210	\$28,632
Texas	\$42,139	\$22,216	\$54,972	\$25,085	\$50,043	\$25,096	\$66,368	\$28,119

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 & 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201, and Detailed Tables B02006

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate.

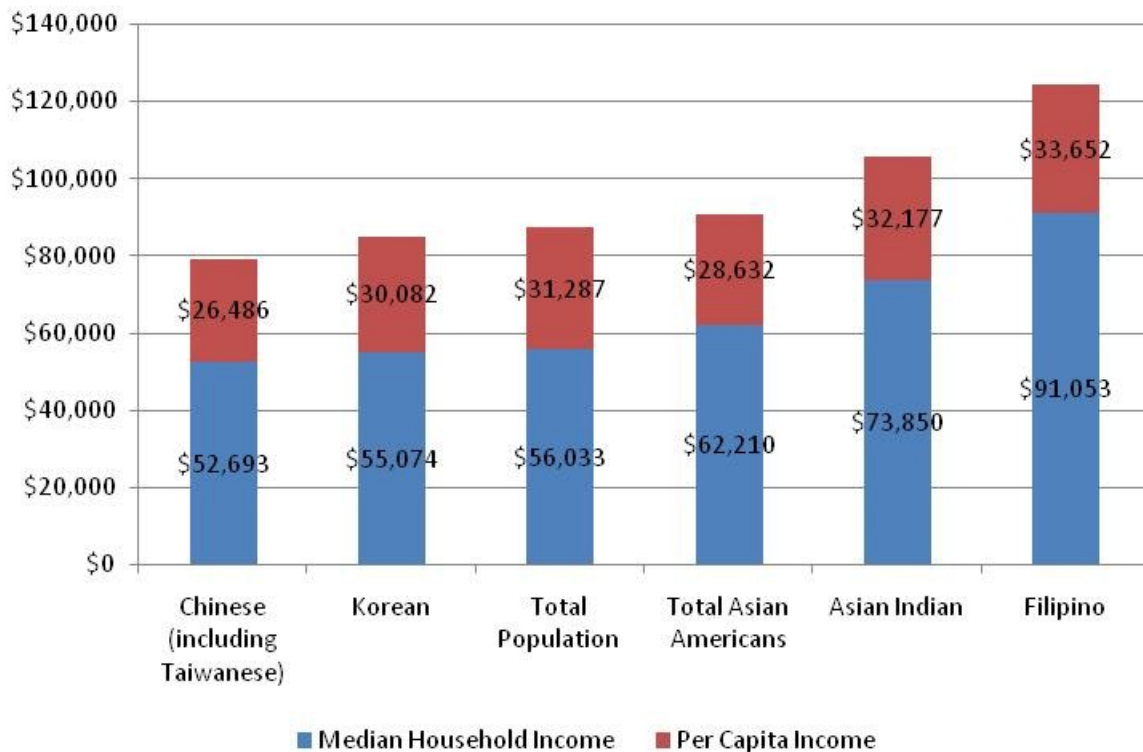
In both 2005 & 2008, Asian Americans had far larger median household incomes than the total population. However, 2005 figures at the California (\$26,523) and New York (\$25,889) levels show Asian Americans had lower median per capita incomes than the total population. In 2008, New York is the only state where Asian Americans had lower median per capita incomes than the total population.

Figure 4: MHI and PCI of Asian Americans in California, 2008



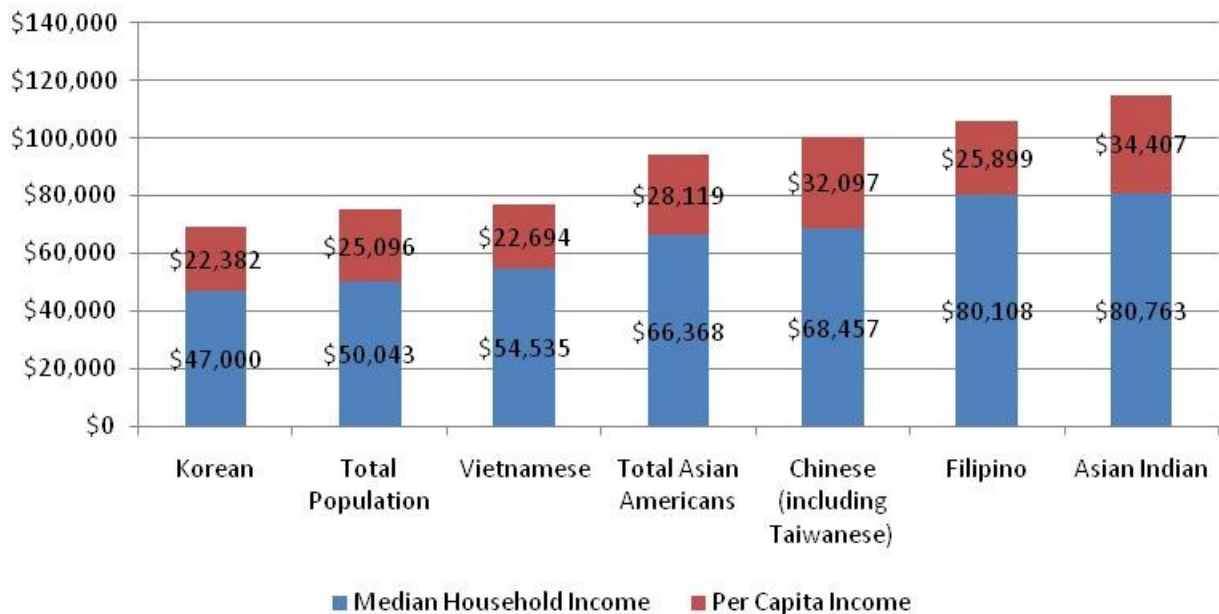
In California, the 2008 Census estimates illustrate a mixed picture when it comes to income. On the one hand, Filipinos have the second largest median household income (\$82,109) but the fifth smallest per capita income (\$26,850). Asian Indians have both the highest MHI (\$102,236) and PCI (\$41,981). Chinese have the third largest MHI (\$74,923) and the third largest PCI (\$33,462). Japanese have the fourth largest MHI (\$69,395) and the second largest PCI (\$33,835). The median household incomes and average individual incomes are particularly low for Southeast Asian ethnic groups such as Cambodians, Hmong, and Laotians.

Figure 5: MHI and PCI of Asian Americans in New York, 2008



In New York, the 2008 Census estimates are steady when it comes to income. Filipinos have the largest median household income (\$91,053) and the largest per capita income (\$33,652). Chinese have the lowest MHI (\$52,693) and the lowest PCI (\$26,486).

Figure 6: MHI and PCI of Asian Americans in Texas, 2008



In Texas, the 2008 Census estimates are also steady when it comes to income, except for Filipinos. Filipinos have the second largest median household income (\$80,108) and the fourth lowest per capita income (\$25,899). Asian Indians have both the highest MHI (\$80,763) and PCI (\$34,407). Koreans have the lowest MHI (\$47,000) and the lowest PCI (\$22,382).

Table 8: Selected Monthly Owner Costs (SMOC) of Asian Americans, 2005 and 2008

	2005		2008	
	Total Population	Asian	Total Population	Asian
	Percentage of Households, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income	Percentage of Households, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income	Percentage of Households, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income	Percentage of Households, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income
United States	28.3%	37.3%	37.7%	48.3%
California	39.7%	43.3%	53.6%	54.9%
New York	32.9%	42.6%	41.3%	53.4%
Texas	26.0%	31.5%	31.5%	38.7%

Figure 7: Percentage of Asian American Households in California, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income, 2008

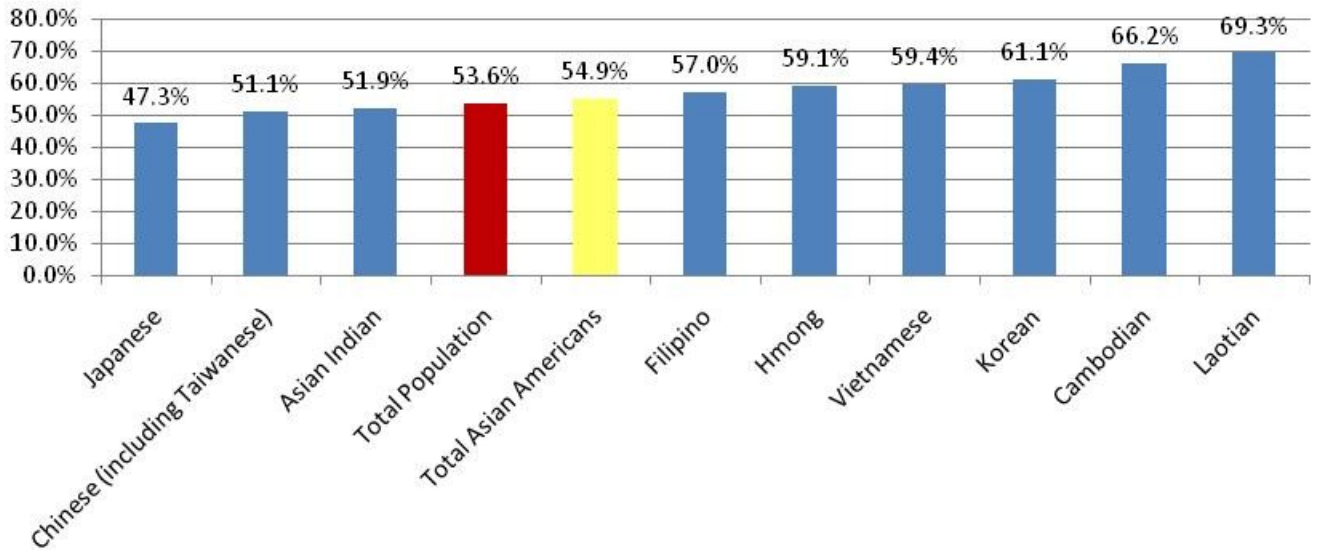


Figure 8: Percentage of Asian American Households in New York, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income, 2008

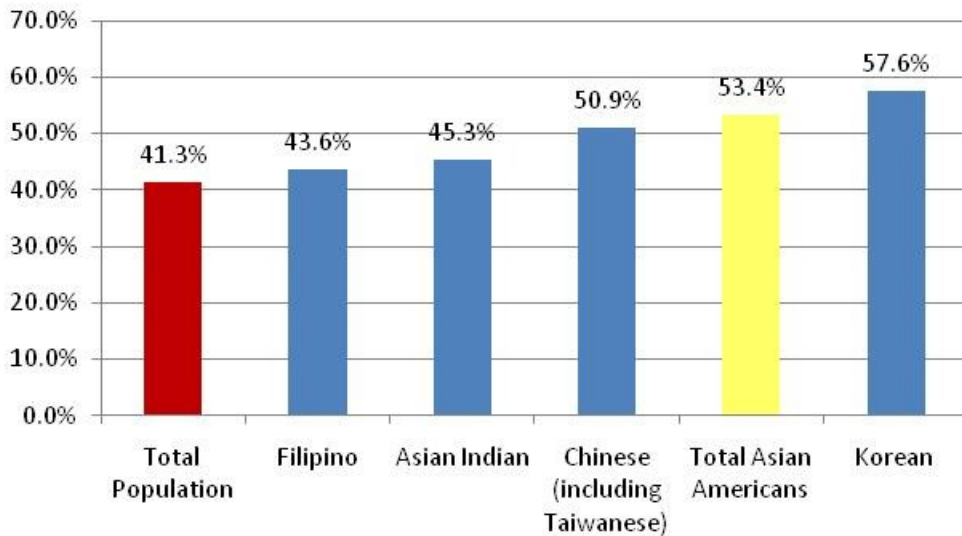
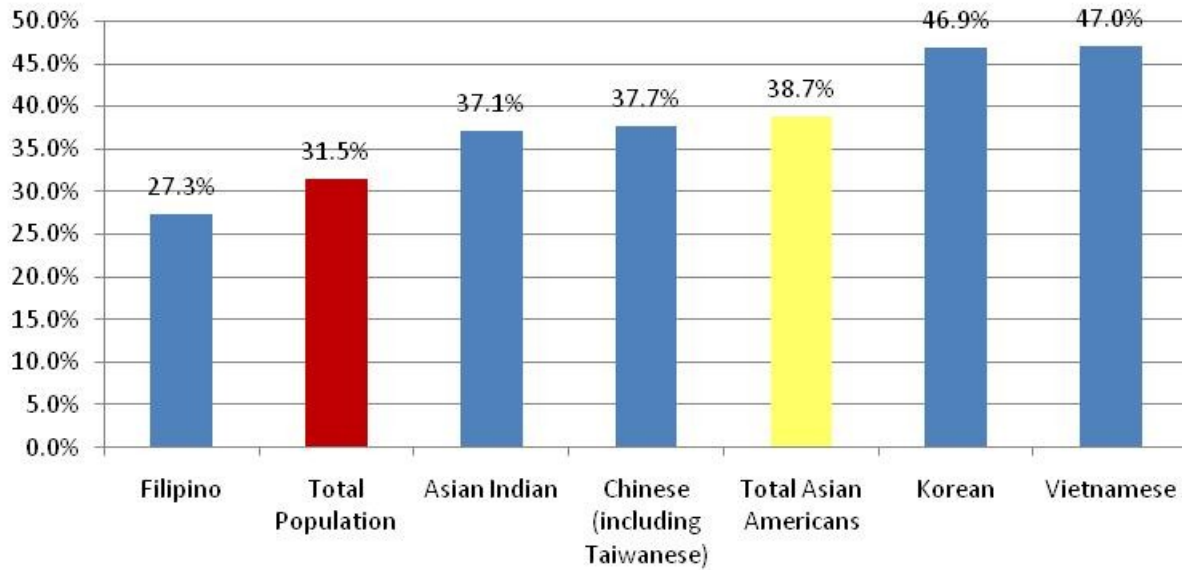


Figure 9: Percentage of Asian American Households in Texas, where SMOC exceed 30% or more of income, 2008



IMMIGRANT CHARACTERISTICS

Table 9: Citizenship Status of Asian Americans, 2005 and 2008

	2005				2008			
	Total Population		Asian		Total Population		Asian	
	% Native Born	% Foreign Born	% Native Born	% Foreign Born	% Native Born	% Foreign Born	% Native Born	% Foreign Born
United States	88%	12%	39%	61%	88%	12%	40%	60%
California	73%	37%	39%	61%	73%	27%	40%	60%
New York	79%	21%	30%	70%	78%	22%	31%	69%
Texas	84%	16%	33%	67%	84%	16%	36%	64%

Table 10: Citizenship Status of Asian Americans by State, 2008

	California		New York		Texas	
	% Native Born	% Foreign Born	% Native Born	% Foreign Born	% Native Born	% Foreign Born
Total Population	73%	27%	78%	22%	84%	16%
Total Asian Americans	40%	60%	31%	69%	36%	64%
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	38%	62%	31%	69%	33%	67%
Filipino	44%	56%	35%	65%	43%	57%
Asian Indian	31%	69%	30%	70%	29%	71%
Vietnamese*	33%	67%	-	-	36%	64%
Korean	35%	65%	29%	71%	37%	63%
Japanese*	68%	32%	-	-	-	-
Cambodian*	43%	57%	-	-	-	-
Hmong*	56%	44%	-	-	-	-
Laotian*	44%	56%	-	-	-	-

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thia, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

Table 11: Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English for Asian Americans, 2005 and 2008

	2005				2008			
	Total Population		Asian		Total Population		Asian	
	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"
United States	19%	9%	71%	33%	20%	9%	71%	33%
California	42%	20%	74%	36%	42%	20%	72%	35%
New York	28%	13%	78%	40%	29%	13%	78%	42%
Texas	34%	15%	80%	33%	34%	15%	77%	33%

Table 12: Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English for Asian Americans, 2008

	California		New York		Texas	
	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"	Language other than English	Speak English less than "very well"
Total Population	42%	20%	29%	13%	34%	15%
Total Asian Americans	72%	35%	78%	42%	77%	33%
Chinese (including Taiwanese)	77%	44%	87%	57%	80%	38%
Filipino	62%	20%	64%	20%	59%	18%
Asian Indian	81%	24%	63%	24%	80%	21%
Vietnamese*	83%	49%	-	-	87%	49%
Korean	77%	48%	79%	50%	73%	41%
Japanese*	42%	21%	-	-	-	-
Cambodian*	84%	49%	-	-	-	-
Hmong*	89%	53%	-	-	-	-
Laotian*	84%	41%	-	-	-	-

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008 American Community Survey, Selected Population Profiles, S0201

Note: * Sample sizes are too small to generate a reliable estimate. No data available for Bangladeshi, Indonesian, Malaysian, Pakistani, Thia, Sri Lankan, and Other Asian.

Table 13: Type of Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English for Asian Americans, 2008

	United States	California	New York	Texas
Chinese Total	2,465,761	925,129	481,355	118,385
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	1,386,844	525,792	316,837	58,508
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	56%	57%	66%	49%
Japanese Total	439,883	136,887	34,479	13,563
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	199,898	67,565	17,944	5,742
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	45%	49%	52%	42%
Korean Total	1,051,641	346,962	103,947	50,306
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	616,397	215,540	66,082	27,950
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	59%	62%	64%	56%
Mon-Khmer, Cambodian Total	183,363	69,072	3,326	6,942
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	101,047	39,225	1,627	3,392
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	55%	57%	49%	49%
Hmong Total	189,662	67,920	207	185
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	91,229	39,318	144	127
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	48%	58%	70%	69%
Thai Total	140,863	37,035	5,615	10,970
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	75,553	22,637	2,793	6,105
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	54%	61%	50%	56%
Laotian Total	146,799	35,547	2,942	10,050
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	75,795	18,577	1,803	5,186
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	52%	52%	61%	52%
Vietnamese Total	1,225,036	473,573	20,464	174,654
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	737,912	291,192	12,154	98,942
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	60%	61%	59%	57%
Tagalog Total	1,488,385	742,260	71,555	61,368
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	477,997	243,955	21,803	18,901
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	32%	33%	30%	31%
Other Asian languages Total	705,199	118,430	75,476	59,689
Number who Speak English less than "very well"	216,120	39,153	30,750	15,521
Percent who Speak English less than "very well"	31%	33%	41%	26%

APPENDIX: Technical Notes and Definitions

About the Data

This report draws from several data sources. The 2005 American Community Survey covered only individuals living in households. It excluded Group Quarters, those living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The values shown in this report are of the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. The 2008 American Community Survey includes Group Quarters.

Because Asians constitute a relatively small population, using all available data is critical to producing the most statistically reliable information. Unfortunately, aggregate data are limited by the amount of detailed information (variables) that can be examined overall. The Census Bureau releases detailed information based on a population threshold. If the selected race, ethnic, or ancestry group is less than the threshold data, it cannot be analyzed at those particular levels of geography.

The report uses results for single-race (alone) and multiple-race (alone or in any combination) responses. “Asian Alone” corresponds to the respondents who reported exactly one Asian group and no other Asian group or race category. “Alone” should be considered the minimum population size in any analysis that uses Census data. “Alone or in any Combination” corresponds to the responses (not respondents) that include the selected Asian group, either alone or in any combination with other Asian groups or other race categories. “Alone or in any Combination” should be considered the maximum population size in any analysis that uses Census data.

Definitions

Foreign Born: Includes people not born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Island Areas (such as Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or the Northern Mariana Islands).

Income, Median Household: A measurement of income for the entire household comprised of one or more individuals that reported income. The median is computed by dividing the income distribution of households in 2000 into two equal parts, half falling below and half above the median household income.

Income, Median Per Capita/Individual: The median individual income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group that reported income.

Limited English Proficient: Persons who speak English less than “very well.”